Aquatic Moth Larvae (*Lepidoptera*)

Moth families do not have widely used common names.

a. Thorax and abdomen with filamentous gills **or** case made of leaves or plant material; body with granular surface; crochets (hooks on prolegs) of 2 lengths and arranged in an oval

..... Pyralidae

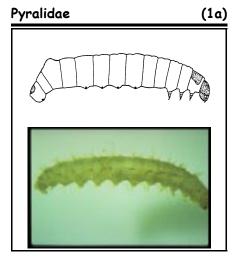
- Some authors (e.g., Thorp and Covich) state that all truly aquatic Lepidoptera are in this family. They are herbivores; shredding, chewing or mining leaves of aquatic plants and algae. They climb and sometimes swim.
 - b. Not with any of the above combinations of characteristics

The Tortricidae are represented by the single genus Archips. They burrow and climb in emergent and floating vegetation of lakes,

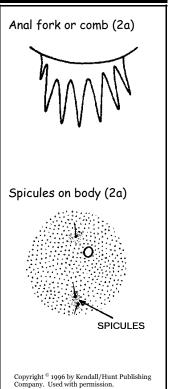
b. Not with any of the above combinations of characteristics

Fig. 2a - From An Introduction to Aquatic Insects of North America, Third Edition by R.W. Merritt and K.W. Cummins. Copyright $^{\otimes}$ 1996 by Kendall/Hunt Publishing company. Used with permission.

ponds, and marshes.



Characteristics of Tortricidae (2a)



2

a. Body with prominent verrucae (elevated tufts of setae); head mottled black and white **or** large larvae (50-70 mm at maturity); crochets in a single slightly curved row or in a semi-circle; burrowers in aquatic plant stems

..... Noctuidae

The Noctuidae generally live among vegetated margins of lakes, ponds, and marshes.

3

b. Not with any of the above combinations of characteristics; body smooth, without spicules; primary setae long; crochets in a single circular row; associated with sunflowers and other plants

..... Cosmopterygidae

Cosmopterygidae live among vegetation at stream and lake margins, where they burrow into plant parts.

Noctuidae (3a)



