# West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection

Austin Caperton Cabinet Secretary

# Permit to Operate



Pursuant to

Title V

of the Clean Air Act

Issued to:

Bimbo Bakeries USA, Inc. R30-01100062-2021

Laura M. Crowder

Director, Division of Air Quality

Issued: January 5, 2021 • Effective: January 19, 2021
Expiration: January 5, 2026 • Renewal Application Due: July 5, 2025

Permit Number: **R30-01100062-2021**Permittee: **Bimbo Bakeries USA, Inc.**Facility Name: **Huntington** 

Permittee Mailing Address: 1300 Adams Avenue, Huntington, WV 25704

This permit is issued in accordance with the West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act (West Virginia Code §§ 22-5-1 et seq.) and 45CSR30 — Requirements for Operating Permits. The permittee identified at the above-referenced facility is authorized to operate the stationary sources of air pollutants identified herein in accordance with all terms and conditions of this permit.

Facility Location: Huntington, Cabell County, West Virginia
Facility Mailing Address: 1300 Adams Avenue, Huntington, WV 25704

Telephone Number: 304-523-8411 Type of Business Entity: Corporation

Facility Description: Commercial bread baking

SIC Codes: 2051

UTM Coordinates: 371 km Easting • 4252 km Northing • Zone 17

Permit Writer: Natalya V. Chertkovsky-Veselova

Any person whose interest may be affected, including, but not necessarily limited to, the applicant and any person who participated in the public comment process, by a permit issued, modified or denied by the Secretary may appeal such action of the Secretary to the Air Quality Board pursuant to article one [§§ 22B-1-1 et seq.], Chapter 22B of the Code of West Virginia. West Virginia Code §22-5-14.

Issuance of this Title V Operating Permit does not supersede or invalidate any existing permits under 45CSR13, 14 or 19, although all applicable requirements from such permits governing the facility's operation and compliance have been incorporated into the Title V Operating Permit.

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# 1.0 Emission Units and Active R13, R14, and R19 Permits

# 1.1. Emission Units

Emission Point Emission Unit ID ID		Emission Unit Description	mission Unit Description Year Installed / Modified		Control Device	
	1E			5.94 MMBtu/hr	N/A	
1S	2E	58 Tray Baker Perkins 970 Oven	1992/2001			
	3E			15,000 lb/hr		
	4E			5.39 MMBtu/hr		
2S	5E	38 Tray Teledyne Readco Oven	1974		N/A	
	6E			7,200 lb/hr		
3S 7E 8E			2004	1.98 MMBtu/hr	27/4	
		18 Tray Baker Perkins 970 Oven	2001	4,255 lb/hr N/A		
4S	9E	Flour Handling System	1986 / 2011	39,000 TPY	1C	
5S	10E	Ink Jet Printing	N/A	N/A	N/A	
6S	11E	Kohler Emergency Generator	1991	350 kW	N/A	
7S	12E	Caterpillar Emergency Generator	Mid 1970s	260 kW	N/A	
N/A	N/A	Solvent Parts Washer	N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	(2) Emergency Generators Diesel Fuel Tanks	2011/2012	300 gal each	N/A	
N/A	N/A	Soy Oil Tank No. 1	1970s	6,100 gal	N/A	
N/A	N/A	Soy Oil Tank No. 2	1970s	2,035 gal	N/A	
13S	13E	Boiler No. 1 (Hurst)	1985	5.02 MMBtu/hr	N/A	
14S	14E	Boiler No. 2 (Kewanee)	2004	4.2 MMBtu/hr	N/A	
15S	15E	Water Heater	2009	3.0 MMBtu/hr	N/A	

## 1.2. Active R13, R14, and R19 Permits

The underlying authority for any conditions from R13, R14, and/or R19 permits contained in this operating permit is cited using the original permit number (e.g. R13-1234). The current applicable version of such permit(s) is listed below.

Permit Number	Date of Issuance
R13-2005D	January 27, 2014

#### 2.0 General Conditions

#### 2.1. Definitions

- 2.1.1. All references to the "West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act" or the "Air Pollution Control Act" mean those provisions contained in W.Va. Code §§ 22-5-1 to 22-5-18.
- 2.1.2. The "Clean Air Act" means those provisions contained in 42 U.S.C. §§ 7401 to 7671q, and regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 2.1.3. "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection or such other person to whom the Secretary has delegated authority or duties pursuant to W.Va. Code §§ 22-1-6 or 22-1-8 (45CSR§30-2.12.). The Director of the Division of Air Quality is the Secretary's designated representative for the purposes of this permit.
- 2.1.4. Unless otherwise specified in a permit condition or underlying rule or regulation, all references to a "rolling yearly total" shall mean the sum of the monthly data, values or parameters being measured, monitored, or recorded, at any given time for the previous twelve (12) consecutive calendar months.

## 2.2. Acronyms

CAAA	Clean Air Act Amendments	NSPS	New Source Performance
CBI	Confidential Business Information		Standards
CEM	Continuous Emission Monitor	PM	Particulate Matter
CES	Certified Emission Statement	$PM_{10}$	Particulate Matter less than
C.F.R. or CFR	Code of Federal Regulations		10μm in diameter
CO	Carbon Monoxide	pph	Pounds per Hour
C.S.R. or CSR	Codes of State Rules	ppm	Parts per Million
DAQ	Division of Air Quality	PSD	Prevention of Significant
DEP	Department of Environmental		Deterioration
	Protection	psi	Pounds per Square Inch
FOIA	Freedom of Information Act	SIC	Standard Industrial
HAP	Hazardous Air Pollutant		Classification
HON	Hazardous Organic NESHAP	SIP	State Implementation Plan
HP	Horsepower	$SO_2$	Sulfur Dioxide
lbs/hr <i>or</i> lb/hr	Pounds per Hour	TAP	Toxic Air Pollutant
LDAR	Leak Detection and Repair	TPY	Tons per Year
m	Thousand	TRS	Total Reduced Sulfur
MACT	Maximum Achievable Control	TSP	Total Suspended Particulate
	Technology	USEPA	United States
mm	Million		<b>Environmental Protection</b>
mmBtu/hr	Million British Thermal Units per		Agency
	Hour	UTM	Universal Transverse
mmft³/hr <i>or</i>	Million Cubic Feet Burned per		Mercator
mmcf/hr	Hour	VEE	Visual Emissions
NA or N/A	Not Applicable		Evaluation
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality	VOC	Volatile Organic
	Standards		Compounds
NESHAPS	National Emissions Standards for		
	Hazardous Air Pollutants		
$NO_x$	Nitrogen Oxides		

## 2.3. Permit Expiration and Renewal

- 2.3.1. Permit duration. This permit is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years and shall expire on the date specified on the cover of this permit, except as provided in 45CSR§30-6.3.b. and 45CSR§30-6.3.c. [45CSR§30-5.1.b.]
- 2.3.2. A permit renewal application is timely if it is submitted at least six (6) months prior to the date of permit expiration.

[45CSR§30-4.1.a.3.]

- 2.3.3. Permit expiration terminates the source's right to operate unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted consistent with 45CSR§30-6.2. and 45CSR§30-4.1.a.3. [45CSR§30-6.3.b.]
- 2.3.4. If the Secretary fails to take final action to deny or approve a timely and complete permit application before the end of the term of the previous permit, the permit shall not expire until the renewal permit has been issued or denied, and any permit shield granted for the permit shall continue in effect during that time.

  [45CSR§30-6.3.c.]

#### 2.4. Permit Actions

2.4.1. This permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

[45CSR§30-5.1.f.3.]

## 2.5. Reopening for Cause

- 2.5.1. This permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:
  - a. Additional applicable requirements under the Clean Air Act or the Secretary's legislative rules become applicable to a major source with a remaining permit term of three (3) or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed not later than eighteen (18) months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended pursuant to 45CSR§§30-6.6.a.1.A. or B.
  - b. Additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable to an affected source under Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control) or other legislative rules of the Secretary. Upon approval by U.S. EPA, excess emissions offset plans shall be incorporated into the permit.
  - c. The Secretary or U.S. EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.
  - d. The Secretary or U.S. EPA determines that the permit must be revised or revoked and reissued to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.

[45CSR§30-6.6.a.]

#### 2.6. Administrative Permit Amendments

2.6.1. The permittee may request an administrative permit amendment as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR§30-6.4.

[45CSR§30-6.4.]

#### 2.7. Minor Permit Modifications

2.7.1. The permittee may request a minor permit modification as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR§30-6.5.a.

[45CSR§30-6.5.a.]

## 2.8. Significant Permit Modification

2.8.1. The permittee may request a significant permit modification, in accordance with 45CSR§30-6.5.b., for permit modifications that do not qualify for minor permit modifications or as administrative amendments.

[45CSR§30-6.5.b.]

## 2.9. Emissions Trading

2.9.1. No permit revision shall be required, under any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading, and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in the permit and that are in accordance with all applicable requirements.

[45CSR§30-5.1.h.]

## 2.10. Off-Permit Changes

- 2.10.1. Except as provided below, a facility may make any change in its operations or emissions that is not addressed nor prohibited in its permit and which is not considered to be construction nor modification under any rule promulgated by the Secretary without obtaining an amendment or modification of its permit. Such changes shall be subject to the following requirements and restrictions:
  - a. The change must meet all applicable requirements and may not violate any existing permit term or condition.
  - b. The permittee must provide a written notice of the change to the Secretary and to U.S. EPA within two (2) business days following the date of the change. Such written notice shall describe each such change, including the date, any change in emissions, pollutants emitted, and any applicable requirement that would apply as a result of the change.
  - c. The change shall not qualify for the permit shield.
  - d. The permittee shall keep records describing all changes made at the source that result in emissions of regulated air pollutants, but not otherwise regulated under the permit, and the emissions resulting from those changes.
  - e. No permittee may make any change subject to any requirement under Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control) pursuant to the provisions of 45CSR§30-5.9.

f. No permittee may make any changes which would require preconstruction review under any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act (including 45CSR14 and 45CSR19) pursuant to the provisions of 45CSR\$30-5.9.

[45CSR§30-5.9.]

## 2.11. Operational Flexibility

2.11.1. The permittee may make changes within the facility as provided by § 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act. Such operational flexibility shall be provided in the permit in conformance with the permit application and applicable requirements. No such changes shall be a modification under any rule or any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act (including 45CSR14 and 45CSR19) promulgated by the Secretary in accordance with Title I of the Clean Air Act and the change shall not result in a level of emissions exceeding the emissions allowable under the permit.

[45CSR§30-5.8]

2.11.2. Before making a change under 45CSR§30-5.8., the permittee shall provide advance written notice to the Secretary and to U.S. EPA, describing the change to be made, the date on which the change will occur, any changes in emissions, and any permit terms and conditions that are affected. The permittee shall thereafter maintain a copy of the notice with the permit, and the Secretary shall place a copy with the permit in the public file. The written notice shall be provided to the Secretary and U.S. EPA at least seven (7) days prior to the date that the change is to be made, except that this period may be shortened or eliminated as necessary for a change that must be implemented more quickly to address unanticipated conditions posing a significant health, safety, or environmental hazard. If less than seven (7) days notice is provided because of a need to respond more quickly to such unanticipated conditions, the permittee shall provide notice to the Secretary and U.S. EPA as soon as possible after learning of the need to make the change.

[45CSR§30-5.8.a.]

- 2.11.3. The permit shield shall not apply to changes made under 45CSR§30-5.8., except those provided for in 45CSR§30-5.8.d. However, the protection of the permit shield will continue to apply to operations and emissions that are not affected by the change, provided that the permittee complies with the terms and conditions of the permit applicable to such operations and emissions. The permit shield may be reinstated for emissions and operations affected by the change:
  - a. If subsequent changes cause the facility's operations and emissions to revert to those authorized in the permit and the permittee resumes compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit, or
  - b. If the permittee obtains final approval of a significant modification to the permit to incorporate the change in the permit.

## [45CSR§30-5.8.c.]

2.11.4. "Section 502(b)(10) changes" are changes that contravene an express permit term. Such changes do not include changes that would violate applicable requirements or contravene enforceable permit terms and conditions that are monitoring (including test methods), recordkeeping, reporting, or compliance certification requirements.

[45CSR§30-2.39]

## 2.12. Reasonably Anticipated Operating Scenarios

- 2.12.1. The following are terms and conditions for reasonably anticipated operating scenarios identified in this permit.
  - a. Contemporaneously with making a change from one operating scenario to another, the permittee shall record in a log at the permitted facility a record of the scenario under which it is operating and to document the change in reports submitted pursuant to the terms of this permit and 45CSR30.
  - b. The permit shield shall extend to all terms and conditions under each such operating scenario; and
  - c. The terms and conditions of each such alternative scenario shall meet all applicable requirements and the requirements of 45CSR30.

[45CSR§30-5.1.i.]

## 2.13. Duty to Comply

2.13.1. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the West Virginia Code and the Clean Air Act and is grounds for enforcement action by the Secretary or USEPA; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.

[45CSR§30-5.1.f.1.]

#### 2.14. Inspection and Entry

- 2.14.1. The permittee shall allow any authorized representative of the Secretary, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:
  - a. At all reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) enter upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - c. Inspect at reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit;
  - d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times substances or parameters to determine compliance with the permit or applicable requirements or ascertain the amounts and types of air pollutants discharged.

[45CSR§30-5.3.b.]

## 2.15. Schedule of Compliance

- 2.15.1. For sources subject to a compliance schedule, certified progress reports shall be submitted consistent with the applicable schedule of compliance set forth in this permit and 45CSR§30-4.3.h., but at least every six (6) months, and no greater than once a month, and shall include the following:
  - a. Dates for achieving the activities, milestones, or compliance required in the schedule of compliance, and dates when such activities, milestones or compliance were achieved; and
  - b. An explanation of why any dates in the schedule of compliance were not or will not be met, and any preventative or corrective measure adopted.

[45CSR§30-5.3.d.]

## 2.16. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity not a Defense

2.16.1. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. However, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as precluding consideration of a need to halt or reduce activity as a mitigating factor in determining penalties for noncompliance if the health, safety, or environmental impacts of halting or reducing operations would be more serious than the impacts of continued operations. [45CSR§30-5.1.f.2.]

#### 2.17. Emergency

2.17.1. An "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

[45CSR§30-5.7.a.]

2.17.2. Effect of any emergency. An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions of 45CSR§30-5.7.c. are met

[45CSR§30-5.7.b.]

- 2.17.3. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
  - a. An emergency occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
  - b. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
  - c. During the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and

d. Subject to the requirements of 45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.C.1, the permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Secretary within one (1) working day of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency and made a request for variance, and as applicable rules provide. This notice, report, and variance request fulfills the requirement of 45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.B. This notice must contain a detailed description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.

[45CSR§30-5.7.c.]

2.17.4. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.

[45CSR§30-5.7.d.]

2.17.5. This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement. [45CSR§30-5.7.e.]

#### 2.18. Federally-Enforceable Requirements

- 2.18.1. All terms and conditions in this permit, including any provisions designed to limit a source's potential to emit and excepting those provisions that are specifically designated in the permit as "State-enforceable only", are enforceable by the Secretary, USEPA, and citizens under the Clean Air Act.

  [45CSR§30-5.2.a.]
- 2.18.2. Those provisions specifically designated in the permit as "State-enforceable only" shall become "Federally-enforceable" requirements upon SIP approval by the USEPA.

#### 2.19. Duty to Provide Information

2.19.1. The permittee shall furnish to the Secretary within a reasonable time any information the Secretary may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Secretary copies of records required to be kept by the permittee. For information claimed to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to the Secretary along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 45CSR31. If confidential information is to be sent to USEPA, the permittee shall directly provide such information to USEPA along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 2. [45CSR§30-5.1.f.5.]

## 2.20. Duty to Supplement and Correct Information

2.20.1. Upon becoming aware of a failure to submit any relevant facts or a submittal of incorrect information in any permit application, the permittee shall promptly submit to the Secretary such supplemental facts or corrected information.

[45CSR§30-4.2.]

#### 2.21. Permit Shield

- 2.21.1. Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance provided that such applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in this permit or the Secretary has determined that other requirements specifically identified are not applicable to the source and this permit includes such a determination or a concise summary thereof. [45CSR§30-5.6.a.]
- 2.21.2. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the following:
  - a. The liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance; or
  - b. The applicable requirements of the Code of West Virginia and Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control), consistent with § 408 (a) of the Clean Air Act.
  - c. The authority of the Administrator of U.S. EPA to require information under § 114 of the Clean Air Act or to issue emergency orders under § 303 of the Clean Air Act.

[45CSR§30-5.6.c.]

#### 2.22. Credible Evidence

2.22.1. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the ability of any person to establish compliance with, or a violation of, any applicable requirement through the use of credible evidence to the extent authorized by law. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to waive any defenses otherwise available to the permittee including but not limited to any challenge to the credible evidence rule in the context of any future proceeding.

[45CSR§30-5.3.e.3.B. and 45CSR38]

## 2.23. Severability

2.23.1. The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance is held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining permit terms and conditions or their application to other circumstances shall remain in full force and effect.

[45CSR§30-5.1.e.]

#### 2.24. Property Rights

2.24.1. This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege. [45CSR§30-5.1.f.4]

## 2.25. Acid Deposition Control

- 2.25.1. Emissions shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control) or rules of the Secretary promulgated thereunder.
  - a. No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired pursuant to the acid deposition control program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision under any other applicable requirement.

- b. No limit shall be placed on the number of allowances held by the source. The source may not, however, use allowances as a defense to noncompliance with any other applicable requirement.
- c. Any such allowance shall be accounted for according to the procedures established in rules promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act.

## [45CSR§30-5.1.d.]

2.25.2. Where applicable requirements of the Clean Air Act are more stringent than any applicable requirement of regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control), both provisions shall be incorporated into the permit and shall be enforceable by the Secretary and U. S. EPA.

[45CSR§30-5.1.a.2.]

## 3.0 Facility-Wide Requirements

#### 3.1. Limitations and Standards

- 3.1.1. **Open burning.** The open burning of refuse by any person is prohibited except as noted in 45CSR§6-3.1. **[45CSR§6-3.1.]**
- 3.1.2. **Open burning exemptions.** The exemptions listed in 45CSR§6-3.1 are subject to the following stipulation: Upon notification by the Secretary, no person shall cause or allow any form of open burning during existing or predicted periods of atmospheric stagnation. Notification shall be made by such means as the Secretary may deem necessary and feasible.

[45CSR§6-3.2.]

3.1.3. **Asbestos.** The permittee is responsible for thoroughly inspecting the facility, or part of the facility, prior to commencement of demolition or renovation for the presence of asbestos and complying with 40 C.F.R. § 61.145, 40 C.F.R. § 61.148, and 40 C.F.R. § 61.150. The permittee, owner, or operator must notify the Secretary at least ten (10) working days prior to the commencement of any asbestos removal on the forms prescribed by the Secretary if the permittee is subject to the notification requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 61.145(b)(3)(i). The USEPA, the Division of Waste Management and the Bureau for Public Health - Environmental Health require a copy of this notice to be sent to them.

[40 C.F.R. §61.145(b) and 45CSR34]

3.1.4. **Odor.** No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor at any location occupied by the public.

[45CSR§4-3.1 State-Enforceable only.]

3.1.5. **Standby plan for reducing emissions.** When requested by the Secretary, the permittee shall prepare standby plans for reducing the emissions of air pollutants in accordance with the objectives set forth in Tables I, II, and III of 45CSR11.

[45CSR§11-5.2]

3.1.6. **Emission inventory.** The permittee is responsible for submitting, on an annual basis, an emission inventory in accordance with the submittal requirements of the Division of Air Quality.

[W.Va. Code § 22-5-4(a)(14)]

- 3.1.7. **Ozone-depleting substances.** For those facilities performing maintenance, service, repair or disposal of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction pursuant to 40 C.F.R. Part 82, Subpart F, except as provided for Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners (MVACs) in Subpart B:
  - a. Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the prohibitions and required practices pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §§ 82.154, 82.156 and 82.157.
  - b. Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.158.

c. Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.161.

#### [40 C.F.R. 82, Subpart F]

3.1.8. **Risk Management Plan.** Should this stationary source, as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 68.3, become subject to Part 68, then the owner or operator shall submit a risk management plan (RMP) by the date specified in 40 C.F.R. § 68.10 and shall certify compliance with the requirements of Part 68 as part of the annual compliance certification as required by 40 C.F.R. Part 70 or 71.

[40 C.F.R. 68]

3.1.9. The owner or operator of a plant shall maintain particulate matter control of the plant premises, and plant owned, leased or controlled access roads, by paving, application of asphalt, chemical dust suppressants or other suitable dust control measures. Good operating practices shall be implemented and when necessary particulate matter suppressants shall be applied in relation to stockpiling and general material handling to minimize particulate matter generation and atmospheric entrainment.

[45CSR§7-5.2 and 45CSR13, R13-2005, Condition 4.1.4]

## 3.2. Monitoring Requirements

3.2.1. None.

## 3.3. Testing Requirements

- 3.3.1. **Stack testing.** As per provisions set forth in this permit or as otherwise required by the Secretary, in accordance with the West Virginia Code, underlying regulations, permits and orders, the permittee shall conduct test(s) to determine compliance with the emission limitations set forth in this permit and/or established or set forth in underlying documents. The Secretary, or his duly authorized representative, may at his option witness or conduct such test(s). Should the Secretary exercise his option to conduct such test(s), the operator shall provide all necessary sampling connections and sampling ports to be located in such manner as the Secretary may require, power for test equipment and the required safety equipment, such as scaffolding, railings and ladders, to comply with generally accepted good safety practices. Such tests shall be conducted in accordance with the methods and procedures set forth in this permit or as otherwise approved or specified by the Secretary in accordance with the following:
  - a. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with 40 C.F.R. Parts 60, 61, and 63, if applicable, in accordance with the Secretary's delegated authority and any established equivalency determination methods which are applicable.
  - b. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with applicable requirements which do not involve federal delegation. In specifying or approving such alternative testing to the test methods, the Secretary, to the extent possible, shall utilize the same equivalency criteria as would be used in approving such changes under Section 3.3.1.a. of this permit.
  - c. All periodic tests to determine mass emission limits from or air pollutant concentrations in discharge stacks and such other tests as specified in this permit shall be conducted in accordance with an approved test protocol. Unless previously approved, such protocols shall be submitted to the Secretary in writing

at least thirty (30) days prior to any testing and shall contain the information set forth by the Secretary. In addition, the permittee shall notify the Secretary at least fifteen (15) days prior to any testing so the Secretary may have the opportunity to observe such tests. This notification shall include the actual date and time during which the test will be conducted and, if appropriate, verification that the tests will fully conform to a referenced protocol previously approved by the Secretary.

- d. The permittee shall submit a report of the results of the stack test within 60 days of completion of the test. The test report shall provide the information necessary to document the objectives of the test and to determine whether proper procedures were used to accomplish these objectives. The report shall include the following: the certification described in paragraph 3.5.1; a statement of compliance status, also signed by a responsible official; and, a summary of conditions which form the basis for the compliance status evaluation. The summary of conditions shall include the following:
  - 1. The permit or rule evaluated, with the citation number and language.
  - 2. The result of the test for each permit or rule condition.
  - 3. A statement of compliance or non-compliance with each permit or rule condition.

## [WV Code §§ 22-5-4(a)(14-15) and 45CSR13]

#### 3.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

- 3.4.1. **Monitoring information.** The permittee shall keep records of monitoring information that include the following:
  - a. The date, place as defined in this permit and time of sampling or measurements;
  - b. The date(s) analyses were performed;
  - c. The company or entity that performed the analyses;
  - d. The analytical techniques or methods used;
  - e. The results of the analyses; and
  - f. The operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.

#### [45CSR§30-5.1.c.2.A and 45CSR13 - R13-2005, Condition 4.4.1]

3.4.2. **Retention of records.** The permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of monitoring sample, measurement, report, application, or record creation date. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit. Where appropriate, records may be maintained in computerized form in lieu of the above records.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.2.B.]

3.4.3. **Odors.** For the purposes of 45CSR4, the permittee shall maintain a record of all odor complaints received, any investigation performed in response to such a complaint, and any responsive action(s) taken. **[45CSR§30-5.1.c. State-Enforceable only.]** 

#### 3.5. Reporting Requirements

3.5.1. **Responsible official.** Any application form, report, or compliance certification required by this permit to be submitted to the DAQ and/or USEPA shall contain a certification by the responsible official that states that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate and complete.

[45CSR§§30-4.4. and 5.1.c.3.D.]

- 3.5.2. A permittee may request confidential treatment for the submission of reporting required under 45CSR§30-5.1.c.3. pursuant to the limitations and procedures of W.Va. Code § 22-5-10 and 45CSR31. [45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.E.]
- 3.5.3. Except for the electronic submittal of the annual compliance certification and semi-annual monitoring reports to the DAQ and USEPA as required in 3.5.5 and 3.5.6 below, all notices, requests, demands, submissions and other communications required or permitted to be made to the Secretary of DEP and/or USEPA shall be made in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given when delivered by hand, or mailed first class or by private carrier with postage prepaid to the address(es), or submitted in electronic format by e-mail as set forth below or to such other person or address as the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection may designate:

## DAQ: US EPA:

Director Section Chief

WVDEP U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III Division of Air Quality Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division

601 57<sup>th</sup> Street SE Air Section (3ED21) Charleston, WV 25304 1650 Arch Street

Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

## **DAQ Compliance and Enforcement<sup>1</sup>:**

DEPAirQualityReports@wv.gov

<sup>1</sup>For all self-monitoring reports (MACT, GACT, NSPS, etc.), stack tests and protocols, Notice of Compliance Status reports, Initial Notifications, etc.

- 3.5.4. **Certified emissions statement.** The permittee shall submit a certified emissions statement and pay fees on an annual basis in accordance with the submittal requirements of the Division of Air Quality. **[45CSR§30-8.]**
- 3.5.5. **Compliance certification.** The permittee shall certify compliance with the conditions of this permit on the forms provided by the DAQ. In addition to the annual compliance certification, the permittee may be required to submit certifications more frequently under an applicable requirement of this permit. The annual

certification shall be submitted to the DAQ and USEPA on or before March 15 of each year, and shall certify compliance for the period ending December 31. The permittee shall maintain a copy of the certification on site for five (5) years from submittal of the certification. The annual certification shall be submitted in electronic format by e-mail to the following addresses:

DAQ: US EPA:

DEPAirQualityReports@wv.gov R3\_APD\_Permits@epa.gov

[45CSR§30-5.3.e.]

3.5.6. **Semi-annual monitoring reports.** The permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring on or before September 15 for the reporting period January 1 to June 30 and on or before March 15 for the reporting period July 1 to December 31. All instances of deviation from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with 45CSR§30-4.4. The semi-annual monitoring reports shall be submitted in electronic format by e-mail to the following address:

#### DAO:

DEPAirQualityReports@wv.gov

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.A.]

3.5.7. **Emergencies.** For reporting emergency situations, refer to Section 2.17 of this permit.

#### 3.5.8. **Deviations.**

- a. In addition to monitoring reports required by this permit, the permittee shall promptly submit supplemental reports and notices in accordance with the following:
  - 1. Any deviation resulting from an emergency or upset condition, as defined in 45CSR§30-5.7., shall be reported by telephone or telefax within one (1) working day of the date on which the permittee becomes aware of the deviation, if the permittee desires to assert the affirmative defense in accordance with 45CSR§30-5.7. A written report of such deviation, which shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken, shall be submitted and certified by a responsible official within ten (10) days of the deviation.
  - 2. Any deviation that poses an imminent and substantial danger to public health, safety, or the environment shall be reported to the Secretary immediately by telephone or telefax. A written report of such deviation, which shall include the probable cause of such deviation, and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken, shall be submitted by the responsible official within ten (10) days of the deviation.
  - 3. Deviations for which more frequent reporting is required under this permit shall be reported on the more frequent basis.
  - 4. All reports of deviations shall identify the probable cause of the deviation and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.C.]

- b. The permittee shall, in the reporting of deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions as defined in this permit, report the probable cause of such deviations and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken in accordance with any rules of the Secretary.

  [45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.B.]
- 3.5.9. **New applicable requirements.** If any applicable requirement is promulgated during the term of this permit, the permittee will meet such requirements on a timely basis, or in accordance with a more detailed schedule if required by the applicable requirement.

  [45CSR§30-4.3.h.1.B.]

## 3.6. Compliance Plan

3.6.1. None.

#### 3.7. Permit Shield

- 3.7.1. The permittee is hereby granted a permit shield in accordance with 45CSR§30-5.6. The permit shield applies provided the permittee operates in accordance with the information contained within this permit.
- 3.7.2. The following requirements specifically identified are not applicable to the source based on the determinations set forth below. The permit shield shall apply to the following requirements provided the conditions of the determinations are met.
  - a. 45CSR10 R13-2005D cites Section 45CSR§10-3, as a requirement for the ovens. The ovens at this facility are direct heat exchangers and are therefore considered to be manufacturing processes not fuel burning units. The applicable rule is Section 45CSR§10-4, however, the ovens are exempt in accordance with 45CSR§10-4.1.e because the ovens have the potential to emit less than 500 pounds per year of sulfur oxides.
    - Also, 45CSR10 is not applicable to Boilers No. 1 and No. 2 and the Water Heater. Although, these units meet definition of "fuel burning units" (45CSR§10-2.8), their design heat input is under ten (10) MMBtu/hr each, therefore they are exempt per 45CSR§10-10.1.
  - b. 45CSR16 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII The compression ignition (CI) internal combustion engines (ICE) were constructed, modified, or reconstructed before July 11, 2005, therefore 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII is not applicable.
  - c. 40CFR64 The baking ovens are subject to emissions limitations for criteria pollutants, but do not utilize control devices to achieve compliance. The Materials (flour) handling system utilizes a control device for PM, but pre-control device emissions of PM are not major. Therefore, in accordance with 40CFR§64.2(a), CAM is not applicable to this facility.
  - d. 45CSR§§2 4, 5, 6, 8 and 9 per 45CSR§2-11.1 Boilers No. 1, No. 2, and the Water Heater are exempt from 45CSR§§2 4 (PM mass emission limits), 5, 6, 8 and 9, because they have heat input under ten (10) MMBtu/hr.
  - e. 45CSR7 based on the 2010 renewal Fact Sheet's Determinations and Justifications section, ovens (Emission Units 1S, 2S and 3S) are not considered a "manufacturing process" because they don't meet

- any of the Source Operation Types listed in 45CSR§7-2.39; therefore they are not subject to the requirements of this rule.
- f. 40CFR60 Subpart Dc is not applicable to Boilers No. 1 and No. 2 because their heat input capacity is below the subpart applicability threshold of 10 MMBtu/hr.
- g. 40CFR60 Subparts K, Ka and Kb are not applicable to the 300-gal Diesel Fuel Tanks and Soy Oil Tanks, because their capacities are below the subparts' lower applicability threshold of 75 m<sup>3</sup> (19,813 gal).
- h. 40CFR63 Subpart JJJJJJ is not applicable to Boilers No. 1, No. 2, and to a Water Heater, because the boilers are natural gas-fired boilers (exempt per 40CFR§63.11195(e)), and the heater is a hot water heater (exempt per 40CFR§63.11195(f)).

## 4.0 Source-Specific Requirements for Manufacturing Processes [emission unit ID(s): 1S, 2S, 3S, 4S]

#### 4.1. Limitations and Standards

- 4.1.1. No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit emissions of smoke and/or particulate matter into the open air from any storage structure associated with any manufacturing process that pursuant to 45CSR§7-5.1 is required to have a full enclosure and be equipped with a particulate matter control device.

  [45CSR§7-3.7 (4S)]
- 4.1.2. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit any manufacturing process or storage structure generating fugitive particulate matter to operate that is not equipped with a system, which may include, but not be limited to, process equipment design, control equipment design or operation and maintenance procedures, to minimize the emissions of fugitive particulate matter. To minimize means such system shall be installed, maintained and operated to ensure the lowest fugitive particulate matter emissions reasonably achievable. [45CSR§7-5.1 and 45CSR13, R13-2005, Condition 4.1.4 (4S)]
- 4.1.3. Maximum emissions from the facility's baking ovens shall not exceed the following:

Unit ID	Emission Point ID	C	o	NOx		PM10		voc		
		lb/hr	TPY	lb/hr	TPY	lb/hr	TPY	lb/hr	TPY	
	1E	0.50		0.60	2.60	0.05	0.20	45.8		
1S	2E		2.19						119.1	
	3E									
2S	4E	0.45	0.45 1.66	1.66 0.54	1.98	0.05	0.15	24.8		
	5E								64.4	
	6E									
20	7E	0.17		0.72	0.00	0.05	0.02	0.05		25.0
3S	8E		0.73	0.20	0.87	0.02	0.07	14.6	37.8	
Total		1.12	4.58	1.34	5.45	0.12	0.42	85.3	221.3	

## [45CSR13, R13-2005, Condition 4.1.2]

4.1.4. Maximum production rates of baked goods shall not exceed the following:

II!4 ID N.	0	Maximum Pr	Maximum Production Rate		
Unit ID No.	Oven	lb/hr	tpy		
1S	58 Tray Baker Perkins Oven	15,000	39,000		
2S	38 Tray Teledyne Readco Oven	7,200	18,720		

II W ID N		Maximum Production Rate		
Unit ID No.	Oven	lb/hr	tpy	
3S	18 Tray Baker Perkins Oven	4,255	11,000	
Total		26,455	68,720	

Compliance with the production limit shall be determined using a rolling yearly total. A rolling yearly total shall mean the total production at any given time for the previous twelve (12) consecutive calendar months. See Section 4.4.1 of this permit.

[45CSR13, R13-2005, Condition 4.1.1 (1S, 2S, 3S)]

4.1.5. The amount of natural gas combusted at each oven shall not exceed the following:

Unit	Oven	Maximum Gas Usage Rate		
ID No.		ft³/hr	mmscf/yr	
1S	58 Tray Baker Perkins Oven	5,940	52	
2S	38 Tray Teledyne Readco Oven	5,390	39.5	
3S	18 Tray Baker Perkins Oven	1,980	17.3	
Total		13,310	108.8	

Compliance with the combustion limit shall be determined using a rolling yearly total. A rolling yearly total shall mean the total amount of natural gas combusted at any given time for the previous twelve (12) consecutive calendar months. See Section 4.4.2 of this permit.

[45CSR13, R13-2005, Condition 4.1.3 (1S, 2S, 3S)]

4.1.6. The owner or operator shall comply with emission limits and measures based upon an alternative emissions reduction plan approved by the Director considering technical, economic and air quality benefit considerations that, at a minimum, maintains emission control measures incorporated as part of any federally approved maintenance plan for the county or area in which the source is located.

[45CSR§21-40.3.b. State-enforceable only]

4.1.7. The owner or operator shall comply with the requirements in 45CSR21, Section 5, except that such requirements, as they apply to sources solely subject to 45CSR21, Section 40, may be modified by the Director upon petition by the owner or operator. Any such modified requirements shall be embodied in the facility's control plan and reflected in the associated consent order or permit issued pursuant to 45CSR13 or 45CSR30.

[45CSR§21-40.8.c. State-enforceable only]

- 4.1.8. The owner or operator of a cold cleaning facility (metal solvent cleaning) shall:
  - a. Provide a permanent, legible, conspicuous label, summarizing the operating requirements;
  - b. Store waste solvent in covered containers;
  - c. Close the cover whenever parts are not being handled in the cleaner;
  - d. Drain the cleaned parts until dripping ceases;

- e. If used, supply a solvent spray that is a solid fluid stream (not a fine, atomized, or shower-type spray) at a pressure that does not exceed 10 pounds per square inch gauge (psig); and
- f. Degrease only materials that are neither porous nor absorbent.

## [45CSR§§21-30.3.a.4 through 9 (Solvent Parts Washer) State-enforceable only]

4.1.9. **Operation and Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** The permittee shall, to the extent practicable, install, maintain, and operate all pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0 and associated monitoring equipment in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions, or comply with any more stringent limits set forth in this permit or as set forth by any State rule, Federal regulation, or alternative control plan approved by the Secretary.

[45CSR§13-5.11 and 45CSR13, R13-2005, Condition 4.1.6]

## 4.2. Monitoring Requirements

4.2.1. If visible emissions from any storage structure associated with any manufacturing process are detected, compliance with Section 4.1.1 of this permit shall be demonstrated by taking corrective action and maintaining related records. Records concerning the date and time of the visual observations and the corrective actions taken shall be maintained on site.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c]

## 4.3. Testing Requirements

- 4.3.1. Test methods. -- The owner or operator of any volatile organic compound (VOC) source required to comply with 45CSR21, Section 40 shall, at the owner's or operator's expense, demonstrate compliance by using the methods of 45CSR21, Section 41 or alternative methods that are approved by the Director and the U.S. EPA. [45CSR§§21-40.5 State-enforceable only and 41.1]
- 4.3.2. Preparation of test plan and quality assurance program. -- At least 30 days before the initiation of a required test, the owner or operator shall submit a test plan that shall be approved by the Director before the results of the test will be considered acceptable. This test plan shall include the following minimum information:
  - a. The purpose of the proposed test and the applicable section of 45CSR21, Section 40. of this regulation;
  - b. A detailed description of the facility to be tested, including a line diagram of the facility, locations of test sites, and facility operation conditions for the test;
  - c. A detailed description of the test methods and procedures, equipment, and sampling sites, i.e., a test plan;
  - d. A time table for the following: date for the compliance test; date of submittal of preliminary results to the Director (not later than 30 days after sample collection); and date of submittal of final test report (not later than 60 days after completion of on-site sampling); and
  - e. Proposed corrective actions should the test results show noncompliance.
  - f. Internal QA program. -- The internal QA program shall include, at a minimum, the activities planned by routine operators and analysts to provide an assessment of test data precision. An example of internal QA is the sampling and analysis of replicable samples.

- g. External QA program.
  - 1. The external QA program shall include, at a minimum, application of plans for a test method performance audit (PA) during the performance test.
  - 2. The external QA program may also include systems audits, which include the opportunity for on-site evaluation by the Director of instrument calibration, data validation, sample logging, and documentation of quality control data and field maintenance activities.
  - 3. The PA's shall consist of blind audit samples provided by the Director and analyzed during the performance test to provide a measure of test data bias.
    - A. The Director shall require the owner or operator to analyze PA samples during each performance test when audit samples are available.
    - B. Information concerning the availability of audit materials for a specific performance test may be obtained by contacting the Emission Measurement Technical Information Center at (919) 541-2237.
    - C. If the Director has prior knowledge that an audit material is available, he or she may contact the Atmospheric Research and Exposure Assessment Laboratory directly at (919)541-4531.
    - D. All other audit materials may be obtained by calling (919) 541-7834.
    - E. The evaluation criteria applied to the interpretation of the PA results and the subsequent remedial actions required of the owner or operator are the sole responsibility of the Director.

#### [45CSR§21-41.2]

4.3.3. Process operation. -- The owner or operator shall be responsible for providing: sampling ports, pipes, lines, or appurtenances for the collection of samples and data required by the test methods and procedures; safe access to the sample and data collection locations; and light, electricity, and the utilities required for sample and data collection.

[45CSR§21-41.3]

#### 4.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

4.4.1. In order to determine compliance with the production limitations set forth in Section 4.1.4. of this permit, the permittee shall keep certified monthly records of the production of each oven. Compliance with the hourly limit shall be determined by dividing the monthly production amount for each oven by the number of hours of operation for each oven for that month. Such records shall be maintained in accordance with condition 3.4.2.

[45CSR13, R13-2005, Condition 4.4.4 and 45CSR§30-5.1.c]

4.4.2. In order to determine compliance with the combustion limitations set forth in Section 4.1.5. of this permit, the permittee shall keep certified monthly records of the amount of natural gas combusted in each oven. Compliance with the hourly limit shall be determined by dividing the monthly natural gas usage for each oven by the number of hours of operation for each oven for that month. Such records shall be maintained in accordance with condition 3.4.2.

[45CSR13, R13-2005, Condition 4.4.5 and 45CSR§30-5.1.c]

- 4.4.3. Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements for Subject Non-Control Technique Guideline, Non-Coating Sources.
  - a. The owner or operator shall perform all testing and maintain the results of all tests and calculations required under 45CSR21, Sections 40.3 and 40.5 to demonstrate that the subject source is in compliance.
  - b. The owner or operator of the subject VOC source shall maintain these records in a readily accessible location for a minimum of 3 years, and shall make these records available to the Director upon verbal or written request.

#### [45CSR§§21-40.8.a and b. State-enforceable only]

4.4.4. **Record of Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** For all pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0, the permittee shall maintain accurate records of all required pollution control equipment inspection and/or preventative maintenance procedures.

[45CSR13, R13-2005, Condition 4.4.2]

- 4.4.5. **Record of Malfunctions of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** For all air pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0, the permittee shall maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any malfunction or operational shutdown of the air pollution control equipment during which excess emissions occur. For each such case, the following information shall be recorded:
  - a. The equipment involved.
  - b. Steps taken to minimize emissions during the event.
  - c. The duration of the event.
  - d. The estimated increase in emissions during the event.

For each such case associated with an equipment malfunction, the additional information shall also be recorded:

- e. The cause of the malfunction.
- f. Steps taken to correct the malfunction.
- g. Any changes or modifications to equipment or procedures that would help prevent future recurrences of the malfunction.

## [45CSR13, R13-2005, Condition 4.4.3]

## 4.5. Reporting Requirements

4.5.1. Summary of results. -- No later than 30 days after the sample collection, the owner or operator shall submit preliminary results to the Director.

[45CSR§21-41.4]

4.5.2. Final report. -- No later than 60 days after completion of the on-site sampling, the owner or operator shall submit a test report to the Director. The test report shall include the following minimum information:

- a. Process description;
- b. Air pollution capture system and control device description;
- c. Process conditions during testing;
- d. Test results and example calculations;
- e. Description of sampling locations and test methods;
- f. Quality assurance measures; and
- g. Field and analytical data.

#### [45CSR§21-41.5]

- 4.5.3. Reports of excess emissions. -- Except as provided in 45CSR§21-9.3, the owner or operator shall, for each occurrence of excess emissions expected to last more than 7 days, within 1 business day of becoming aware of such occurrence, supply the Director by letter with the following information:
  - a. The name and location of the facility;
  - b. The subject sources that caused the excess emissions;
  - c. The time and date of first observation of the excess emissions; and
  - d. The cause and expected duration of the excess emissions.
  - e. For sources subject to numerical emission limitations, the estimated rate of emissions (expressed in the units of the applicable emission limitation) and the operating data and calculations used in determining the magnitude of the excess emissions; and emissions.
  - f. The proposed corrective actions and schedule to correct the conditions causing the excess emissions.

## [45CSR§21-5.2]

## 4.6. Compliance Plan

4.6.1. None.

## 5.0 MACT Subpart ZZZZ Requirements for Emergency Generators [emission point ID(s): 11E, 12E]

#### **5.1.** Limitations and Standards

5.1.1. If you own or operate an existing stationary CI RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions, you must comply with the requirements in Table 2d to 40 CFR Part 63, subpart ZZZZ, which apply to you.

#### [40CFR§63.6603(a) and 45CSR34]

- 1. You must meet the following requirement, except during periods of startup:
  - a. Change oil and filter every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first;<sup>1</sup>
  - b. Inspect air cleaner every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary; and
  - c. Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary.
- 2. During periods of startup you must minimize the engine's time spent at idle and minimize the engine's startup time at startup to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes, after which time the non-startup emission limitations apply.

<sup>1</sup>Sources have the option to utilize an oil analysis program as described in 40 CFR §63.6625(i) in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Table 2d of this subpart.

#### [40CFR63, subpart ZZZZ, Table 2d and 45CSR34]

- 5.1.2. a. You must be in compliance with the emission limitations, operating limitations, and other requirements in this subpart that apply to you at all times.
  - b. At all times you must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require you to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by this standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

## [40CFR§63.6605 and 45CSR34]

- 5.1.3. If you own or operate an emergency stationary RICE, you must operate the emergency stationary RICE according to the requirements in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section. In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary RICE under this subpart, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, emergency demand response, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section, is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.
  - a. There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary RICE in emergency situations.
  - b. You may operate your emergency stationary RICE for any combination of the purposes specified in paragraph (b)(i) for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraph (c) of this section counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph (b).

- (i) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency RICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
- c. Emergency stationary RICE located at area sources of HAP may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing and emergency demand response provided in paragraph (b) of this section. Except as provided in paragraphs (c)(i) of this section, the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.
  - (i) The 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations can be used to supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity if all of the following conditions are met:
    - (A) The engine is dispatched by the local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator.
    - (B) The dispatch is intended to mitigate local transmission and/or distribution limitations so as to avert potential voltage collapse or line overloads that could lead to the interruption of power supply in a local area or region.
    - (C) The dispatch follows reliability, emergency operation or similar protocols that follow specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines.
    - (D) The power is provided only to the facility itself or to support the local transmission and distribution system.
    - (E) The owner or operator identifies and records the entity that dispatches the engine and the specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines that are being followed for dispatching the engine. The local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator may keep these records on behalf of the engine owner or operator.

## [40CFR§63.6640(f)(1), (f)(2)(i), (f)(4)(ii) and 45CSR34]

5.1.4. Beginning January 1, 2015, if you own or operate an existing emergency CI stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 100 brake HP and a displacement of less than 30 liters per cylinder that uses diesel fuel and operates or is contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year for the purposes specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or that operates for the purpose specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii), you must use diesel fuel that meets the requirements in 40 CFR 80.510(b) for nonroad diesel fuel, except that any existing diesel fuel purchased (or otherwise obtained) prior to January 1, 2015, may be used until depleted.

[40CFR§§63.6604(b) and 45CSR34]

## **5.2.** Monitoring Requirements

5.2.1. If you own or operate an existing emergency stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions, you must operate and maintain the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions or develop your own maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions.

[40CFR§§63.6625(e), 63.6640(a), and Table 6 (9); 45CSR34]

5.2.2. If you own or operate an existing emergency stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions, you must install a non-resettable hour meter if one is not already installed.

[40CFR§63.6625(f) and 45CSR34]

- 5.2.3. a. If you operate a new or existing stationary engine, you must minimize the engine's time spent at idle during startup and minimize the engine's startup time to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes.
  - If you own or operate a stationary CI engine that is subject to the work, operation or management b. practices in item 4 of Table 2d to 40 CFR Part 63, subpart ZZZZ, you have the option of utilizing an oil analysis program in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Table 2d to this subpart. The oil analysis must be performed at the same frequency specified for changing the oil in Table 2d to 40 CFR Part 63, subpart ZZZZ. The analysis program must at a minimum analyze the following three parameters: Total Base Number, viscosity, and percent water content. The condemning limits for these parameters are as follows: Total Base Number is less than 30 percent of the Total Base Number of the oil when new; viscosity of the oil has changed by more than 20 percent from the viscosity of the oil when new; or percent water content (by volume) is greater than 0.5. If all of these condemning limits are not exceeded, the engine owner or operator is not required to change the oil. If any of the limits are exceeded, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days of receiving the results of the analysis; if the engine is not in operation when the results of the analysis are received, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days or before commencing operation, whichever is later. The owner or operator must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the program, the results of the analysis, and the oil changes for the engine. The analysis program must be part of the maintenance plan for the engine.

[40CFR§§63.6625(h), (i) and 45CSR34]

## **5.3.** Testing Requirements

5.3.1. None.

#### **5.4.** Recordkeeping Requirements

- 5.4.1. a. If you must comply with the operating limitations, you must keep the records described in Sections 5.4.1.a.1 through a.4.
  - 1. A copy of each notification and report that you submitted to comply with this subpart, including all documentation supporting any Initial Notification or Notification of Compliance Status that you submitted, according to the requirement in 40 CFR §63.10(b)(2)(xiv).
  - 2. Records of the occurrence and duration of each malfunction of operation (*i.e.*, process equipment) or the air pollution control and monitoring equipment.

- 3. Records of all required maintenance performed on the air pollution control and monitoring equipment.
- 4. Records of actions taken during periods of malfunction to minimize emissions in accordance with Section 5.1.2, including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation.

#### [40CFR§§63.6655(a)(1), (2), (4) and (5); and 45CSR34]

b. You must keep records of the maintenance conducted on the stationary RICE in order to demonstrate that you operated and maintained the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to your own maintenance plan if you own or operate an existing stationary emergency CI RICE

[40CFR§§63.6655(d) and (e); 45CSR34]

c. You must keep records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The owner or operator must document how many hours are spent for emergency operation, including what classified the operation as emergency and how many hours are spent for non-emergency operation. If the engine is used for the purposes specified in §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) or (iii) or §63.6640(f)(4)(ii), the owner or operator must keep records of the notification of the emergency situation, and the date, start time, and end time of engine operation for these purposes.

[40CFR§63.6655(f) and 45CSR34]

## 5.5. Reporting Requirements

- 5.5.1. You must report each instance in which you did not meet each operating limitation in 40 CFR Part 63, subpart ZZZZ, Table 2d that apply to you. These instances are deviations from the emission and operating limitations in this subpart. These deviations must be reported according to the requirements in Section 5.5.2. [40CFR§63.6640(b) and 45CSR34]
- 5.5.2. For each stationary RICE that is subject to permitting regulations pursuant to 40 CFR part 70 or 71, and if the permitting authority has established dates for submitting semiannual reports pursuant to 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(A) or 40 CFR 71.6 (a)(3)(iii)(A), you may submit the first and subsequent Compliance reports according to the dates the permitting authority has established instead of according to the dates in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(4) of this section.

[40CFR§63.6650(b)(5) and 45CSR34]

5.5.3. If an emergency engine is operating during an emergency and it is not possible to shut down the engine in order to perform the management practice requirements on the schedule required in Table 2d of 40 CFR Part 63, subpart ZZZZ, or if performing the management practice on the required schedule would otherwise pose an unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law, the management practice can be delayed until the emergency is over or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. The management practice should be performed as soon as practicable after the emergency has ended or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. Sources must report any failure to perform the management practice on the schedule required and the federal, state or local law under which the risk was deemed unacceptable.

[40CFR63, subpart ZZZZ, Table 2d, Footnote 2 and 45CSR34]

5.5.4. If you own or operate an emergency stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 100 brake HP that operates or is contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year for the purposes specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or that operates for the purpose specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii), you must submit an annual report according to the requirements in paragraphs (h)(1) through (3) of 40 CFR §63.6650.

- (1) The report must contain the following information:
  - (i) Company name and address where the engine is located.
  - (ii) Date of the report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period.
  - (iii) Engine site rating and model year.
  - (iv) Latitude and longitude of the engine in decimal degrees reported to the fifth decimal place.
  - (v) Hours operated for the purposes specified in 63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii), including the date, start time, and end time for engine operation for the purposes specified in 63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii).
  - (vi) Number of hours the engine is contractually obligated to be available for the purposes specified in §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii).
  - (vii) Hours spent for operation for the purpose specified in 63.6640(f)(4)(ii), including the date, start time, and end time for engine operation for the purposes specified in 63.6640(f)(4)(ii). The report must also identify the entity that dispatched the engine and the situation that necessitated the dispatch of the engine.
  - (viii) If there were no deviations from the fuel requirements in §63.6604 that apply to the engine (if any), a statement that there were no deviations from the fuel requirements during the reporting period.
  - (ix) If there were deviations from the fuel requirements in §63.6604 that apply to the engine (if any), information on the number, duration, and cause of deviations, and the corrective action taken.
- (2) The first annual report must cover the calendar year 2015 and must be submitted no later than March 31, 2016. Subsequent annual reports for each calendar year must be submitted no later than March 31 of the following calendar year.
- (3) The annual report must be submitted electronically using the subpart specific reporting form in the Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface (CEDRI) that is accessed through EPA's Central Data Exchange (CDX) (www.epa.gov/cdx). However, if the reporting form specific to this subpart is not available in CEDRI at the time that the report is due, the written report must be submitted to the Administrator at the appropriate address listed in §63.13.

## [40CFR§63.6650(h) and 45CSR34]

## 5.6. Compliance Plan

5.6.1. None.

## 6.0 Boilers No. 1, No. 2 and a Water Heater Requirements [emission point ID(s): 13E, 14E and 15E]

#### 6.1. Limitations and Standards

6.1.1. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit emission of smoke and/or particulate matter into the open air from any fuel burning unit which is greater than ten (10) percent opacity based on a six minute block average. [45CSR§2-3.1]

## **6.2.** Monitoring Requirements

6.2.1. At such reasonable times as the Secretary may designate, the permittee shall conduct Method 9 emission observations for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with permit condition 6.1.1. Method 9 shall be conducted in accordance with 40 CFR 60 Appendix A.

A record of each visible emission check required above shall be maintained on site for a period of no less than five (5) years and shall be made available to the Director or his/her duly authorized representative upon request. Said records shall include, but not be limited to, the date, time, name of emission unit, the applicable visible emission requirement, the results of the check, what action(s), if any, was/were taken, and the name of the observer.

[45CSR§2-3.2 and 45CSR§30-5.1.c]

## **6.3.** Testing Requirements

6.3.1. N/A

#### **6.4.** Recordkeeping Requirements

6.4.1. Visible emission checks recordkeeping as per requirement 6.2.1.

## **6.5.** Reporting Requirements

6.5.1. Opacity exceedance reporting as per requirement 3.5.8.a.1.

## 6.6. Compliance Plan

6.6.1. N/A